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THE OFFICIAL GUIDE TO APA STYLE

10

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

Appropriately crediting the contributions of scholars on which your research and writing are based is a hallmark of scholarly discourse. These contributions must be cited accurately and consistently so that future scholars can identify and retrieve the works cited in the text.

In this chapter, we provide examples of references in APA Style and their corresponding in-text citations. The reference examples are organized first by group, then by category, and then by type, as follows:

- The textual works group (Sections 10.1–10.8) contains the categories of periodicals, books and reference works, edited book chapters and reference work entries, reports and gray literature, conference sessions and presentations, dissertations and theses, reviews of other works, and unpublished and informally published works. Within those categories are examples by type (e.g., journal article, edited book chapter, government report, dissertation).
- The data sets, software, and tests group (Sections 10.9–10.11) contains the categories of data sets; computer software, mobile apps, apparatuses, and equipment; and tests, scales, and inventories. Within those categories are examples by type (e.g., unpublished raw data, entry in a mobile reference work, test scoring manual).
- The audiovisual media group (Sections 10.12–10.14) contains the categories of audiovisual works, audio works, and visual works. Within those categories are examples by type (e.g., YouTube video, speech audio recording, podcast episode, PowerPoint slides).
- The online media group (Sections 10.15–10.16) contains the categories of social media and webpages and websites. Within those categories are examples by type (e.g., Instagram photo, tweet, webpage on a news website).

As described in Chapter 9, the key elements of a reference are the author (who), date (when), title (what), and source (where; see also Figure 9.1). For each reference category, a corresponding template illustrates the order and format in which these elements should appear, and examples of the most common reference types follow. If you do not see an example that matches the work you want to cite, use the template for the applicable reference category as a starting point for writing the reference list entry. Then select the appropriate option from each column of the template to write the reference. Mix and match elements within a template; it is not necessary to use multiple templates. When in doubt, provide more information rather than less. For every reference, the in-text citation contains the first two parts of the reference—usually the "who" (author) and the "when" (date; see Section 8.11), although this can change if reference information is missing (see Table 9.1).

Most legal references (e.g., court cases and laws) are formatted in a legal reference style, which is different in several ways from the author-date-title-source pattern of other APA Style references. Legal references are presented in Chapter 11. Additional reference examples, including references to archival documents, are available on the APA Style website (https://apastyle.apa.org) and on the APA Style blog (https://apastyle.apa.org/blog).

The following index of reference examples is organized by variations in each reference element. The numbers after each index entry refer to the numbered reference examples in this chapter.

Author Variations

Type of author artist (recording), 91, 92 artist (visual), 97, 98, 99 cartographer, 100 composer, 91, 92 director, 84, 85, 87 editor in place of author, 12, 24, 25, 26, 30, 33, 34 credited on authored book cover, 23 executive producer, 86 group author association, company, or organization, 32, 33, 47, 55, 59, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 82, 88, 90, 100, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 111, 113 government agency, 50, 54, 75, 103, 105, 106, 109, 111, 114 in combination with individuals, 5 task force, working group, or other group, 5, 53 guest expert, 84 host, 84, 93, 94 instructor of a course, 102 of a webinar, 89 interviewee, 95 narrator, 22, 29 photographer, 101

principal investigator, 56 speaker, 88, 89, 96 "with" author, see Section 9.8 writer for TV show, 87

Name variations apostrophe in name, 71, 75 beginning with a lowercase letter, 95 hyphenated first name, 24, 74 hyphenated surname, 9, 45, 73, 81, 83 Jr. in name, 96 one-word name, 36, 92, 98 prefix included after initials rather than before surname, 92 transliterated name, 27 two-part surname, 5, 25, 40, 41, 63, 86, 92, 112 username or social media identity, 18, 90, 103, 104, 107, 108, 109

Number of authors none, 35, 49 21 or more, 4

Date Variations

advance online publication (online first publication, epub ahead of print), 7 ancient (B.C.E.), 36 approximate (ca.), 36 in press, 8 no date, 33, 47, 82, 100, 104, 106, 108, 113, 114 range of years, 56, 86, 93, 97 with year, month, and day, 60, 61, 62, 63 reprinted, 11, 43, 44 republished, 29, 35, 36, 37, 46, 91, 92 republished in translation, 10, 28, 29, 42 retrieval date, 14, 33, 47, 100, 104, 106, 114

Title Variations

edition or version included, 20, 28, 30, 32, 33, 35, 39, 40, 45, 48, 75, 79, 80 ends with exclamation point, 109 parenthesis, 87 question mark, 17, 90, 110 hashtags included, 103 identification number included, 50, 56, 57, 74, 75, 83 in another language, 9, 27, 41, 85 no title, 76, 100, 101, 102 proper noun included, 5, 15, 27, 33, 34, 35, 40, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 59, 65, 67, 68, 69, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 81, 87, 88, 91, 95, 97, 105, 107, 109, 113, 114 reverse italics, 69 title within a title, 67, 68, 69 translated, 10, 28, 29, 35, 36, 42 transliterated, 27 two subtitles, 50 volume number for a book, 27, 30, 45

Source Variations

article number or eLocator, 6 location included, 60, 61, 62, 63, 97 multiple publishers (or studios, etc.), 24, 86, 92, 95 multivolume work, 30, 45 publisher (or studio, etc.) same as author, 32, 54, 55 reprinted, 11, 43, 44 republished, 29, 35, 36, 37, 46, 91, 92 republished in translation, 10, 28, 29, 42 retrieval date, 14, 33, 47, 100, 104, 106, 114 shortDOI, 4, 43 shortened URL, 18, 22, 29, 62, 68, 90, 100, 105, 108 special section or special issue, 12

Textual Works

10.1 Periodicals

Periodicals are generally published on a continuous basis and include journals, magazines, newspapers, newsletters, and even blogs and other online platforms that publish articles. Sometimes the distinctions between periodical types are ambiguous—for example, a blog that is hosted on a newspaper website. Regardless of where the work appears, its reference list entry follows the same pattern. The date element is presented in different formats for journal, magazine, and newspaper articles and blog posts (see Examples 1, 15, 16, and 17, respectively). When periodical information (e.g., volume number, issue number, page range) is missing, omit it from the reference. For online news websites, see Section 10.16 and Example 110. Use the template shown next to construct references for periodical articles.

		Source		
Date	Title	Periodical information	DOI or URL	
(2020). (2020, January).	Title of article.	Title of Periodical, 34(2), 5–14.	https://doi.org/ xxxx	
(2020, January). (2020, February 16).		Title of Periodical, 2(1–2), Article 12. Title of Periodical.	https://xxxxx	
	(2020). (2020, January). (2020, February	(2020). Title of article. (2020, January). (2020, February	DateTitlePeriodical information(2020).Title of article.Title of Periodical, 34(2), 5–14.(2020, January).Title of article.Title of Periodical, 34(2), 5–14.(2020, February 16).Title of Periodical, 2(1–2), Article 12.	

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

1. Journal article with a DOI

McCauley, S. M., & Christiansen, M. H. (2019). Language learning as language use: A cross-linguistic model of child language development. *Psychological Review*, 126(1), 1–51. https://doi.org/10.1037/rev0000126

Parenthetical citation: (McCauley & Christiansen, 2019) Narrative citation: McCauley and Christiansen (2019)

2. Journal article without a DOI, with a nondatabase URL

Ahmann, E., Tuttle, L. J., Saviet, M., & Wright, S. D. (2018). A descriptive review of ADHD coaching research: Implications for college students. *Journal of Postsecondary Education and Disability*, 31(1), 17–39. https://www.ahead.org/professional-resources/ publications/jped/archived-jped/jped-volume-31

Parenthetical citation: (Ahmann et al., 2018) Narrative citation: Ahmann et al. (2018)

Journal, magazine, or newspaper article without a DOI, from most academic research databases or print version

Anderson, M. (2018). Getting consistent with consequences. Educational Leadership, 76(1), 26–33.

Goldman, C. (2018, November 28). The complicated calibration of love, especially in adoption. *Chicago Tribune*.

Parenthetical citations: (Anderson, 2018; Goldman, 2018) Narrative citations: Anderson (2018) and Goldman (2018)

 Do not include the database name or URL. See Section 9.30 for more on excluding or including database information in references.

Journal article with a DOI, 21 or more authors

Kalnay, E., Kanamitsu, M., Kistler, R., Collins, W., Deaven, D., Gandin, L., Iredell, M., Saha, S., White, G., Woollen, J., Zhu, Y., Chelliah, M., Ebisuzaki, W., Higgins, W., Janowiak, J., Mo, K. C., Ropelewski, C., Wang, J., Leetmaa, A., . . . Joseph, D. (1996). The NCEP/ NCAR 40-year reanalysis project. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, 77(3), 437–471. http://doi.org/fg6rf9

Parenthetical citation: (Kalnay et al., 1996) Narrative citation: Kalnay et al. (1996)

• Because the original DOI was long and complex, a shortDOI is used (see Section 9.36). Either the long or short form of the DOI is acceptable.

Journal article with a DOI, combination of individual and group authors

De Vries, R., Nieuwenhuijze, M., Buitendijk, S. E., & the members of Midwifery Science Work Group. (2013). What does it take to have a strong and independent profession of midwifery? Lessons from the Netherlands. *Midwifery*, 29(10), 1122–1128. https://doi. org/10.1016/j.midw.2013.07.007

Parenthetical citation: (De Vries et al., 2013) Narrative citation: De Vries et al. (2013)

 Write the name of the group author as shown on the source (see Section 9.11). This byline included the wording "the members of."

6. Journal article with an article number or eLocator

Burin, D., Kilteni, K., Rabuffetti, M., Slater, M., & Pia, L. (2019). Body ownership increases the interference between observed and executed movements. *PLOS ONE*, 14(1), Article e0209899. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0209899

Parenthetical citation: (Burin et al., 2019) Narrative citation: Burin et al. (2019)

· Capitalize the word "Article" before the article number or eLocator.

7. Journal article, advance online publication

Huestegge, S. M., Raettig, T., & Huestegge, L. (2019). Are face-incongruent voices harder to process? Effects of face-voice gender incongruency on basic cognitive information processing. *Experimental Psychology*. Advance online publication. https://doi. org/10.1027/1618-3169/a000440

Parenthetical citation: (Huestegge et al., 2019) Narrative citation: Huestegge et al. (2019)

· See Section 8.5 for further information on which version of an article to cite.

8. Journal article, in press

Pachur, T., & Scheibehenne, B. (in press). Unpacking buyer-seller differences in valuation from experience: A cognitive modeling approach. *Psychonomic Bulletin & Review*.

Parenthetical citation: (Pachur & Scheibehenne, in press) Narrative citation: Pachur and Scheibehenne (in press)

Journal article, published in another language

Chaves-Morillo, V., Gómez Calero, C., Fernández-Muñoz, J. J., Toledano-Muñoz, A., Fernández-Huete, J., Martinez-Monge, N., Palacios-Ceña, D., & Peñacoba-Puente, C. (2018). La anosmia neurosensorial: Relación entre subtipo, tiempo de reconocimiento y edad [Sensorineural anosmia: Relationship between subtype, recognition time, and age]. *Clínica y Salud*, 28(3), 155–161. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clysa.2017.04.002

Parenthetical citation: (Chaves-Morillo et al., 2018) Narrative citation: Chaves-Morillo et al. (2018)

 When an article is in a different language than your paper, include a translation of the article title in square brackets (see Section 9.38).

10. Journal article, republished in translation

Piaget, J. (1972). Intellectual evolution from adolescence to adulthood (J. Bliss & H. Furth, Trans.). *Human Development*, 15(1), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.1159/000271225 (Original work published 1970)

Parenthetical citation: (Piaget, 1970/1972) Narrative citation: Piaget (1970/1972)

· For more on translated works, see Section 9.39.

11. Journal article, reprinted from another source

Shore, M. F. (2014). Marking time in the land of plenty: Reflections on mental health in the United States. American Journal of Orthopsychiatry, 84(6), 611–618. https://doi. org/10.1037/h0100165 (Reprinted from "Marking time in the land of plenty: Reflections on mental health in the United States," 1981, American Journal of Orthopsychiatry, 51[3], 391–402, https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1939-0025.1981.tb01388.x)

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

Parenthetical citation: (Shore, 1981/2014) Narrative citation: Shore (1981/2014)

- Provide information for the reprinted version that you used; then provide in parentheses the original article title (even if the title did not change), year, and source information (see Section 9.40).
- Place the original issue number in square brackets rather than in parentheses to avoid nested parentheses.

Special section or special issue in a journal

Lilienfeld, S. O. (Ed.). (2018). Heterodox issues in psychology [Special section]. Archives of Scientific Psychology, 6(1), 51–104.

McDaniel, S. H., Salas, E., & Kazak, A. E. (Eds.). (2018). The science of teamwork [Special issue]. American Psychologist, 73(4).

Parenthetical citations: (Lilienfeld, 2018; McDaniel et al., 2018). Narrative citations: Lilienfeld (2018) and McDaniel et al. (2018)

- List the editor(s) of the special section or issue in the author position and the title of the special section or issue in the title position.
- Provide the page range for a special section. Do not provide a page range for a special issue.
- Some publishers include an "S" in issue numbers for special issues. In the reference, write the issue number exactly as shown in the publication.
- For an article within a special section or special issue, follow the format for a
 journal article (see Examples 1–3), in which case the title of the special section
 or issue does not appear in the reference.

13. Article from the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews

Mehrholz, J., Pohl, M., Platz, T., Kugler, J., & Elsner, B. (2018). Electromechanical and robot-assisted arm training for improving activities of daily living, arm function, and arm muscle strength after stroke. *Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews*. https://doi.org/10.1002/14651858.CD006876.pub5

Parenthetical citation: (Mehrholz et al., 2018) Narrative citation: Mehrholz et al. (2018)

 Articles in the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews are available only in that database (see Section 9.30). In the reference list, format Cochrane articles like periodical articles. Do not italicize the database name if it appears in text.

14. Article from the UpToDate database

Morey, M. C. (2019). Physical activity and exercise in older adults. *UpToDate*. Retrieved July 22, 2019, from https://www.uptodate.com/contents/physical-activity-and-exercise-in-older-adults

Parenthetical citation: (Morey, 2019) Narrative citation: Morey (2019)

- Articles in the UpToDate database are available only in that database (see Section 9.30) and have information that changes over time. In the reference list, format UpToDate articles like periodical articles. Do not italicize the database name if it appears in text.
- Use the year of last update in the date element (see Section 9.15).
- Include a retrieval date because the content is designed to change over time and versions of the page are not archived (see Section 9.16).

15. Magazine article

- Bergeson, S. (2019, January 4). Really cool neutral plasmas. Science, 363(6422), 33–34. https://doi.org/10.1126/science.aau7988
- Bustillos, M. (2013, March 19). On video games and storytelling: An interview with Tom Bissell. The New Yorker. https://www.newyorker.com/books/page-turner/on-videogames-and-storytelling-an-interview-with-tom-bissell
- Weir, K. (2017, January). Forgiveness can improve mental and physical health. Monitor on Psychology, 48(1), 30.

Parenthetical citations: (Bergeson, 2019; Bustillos, 2013; Weir, 2017) Narrative citations: Bergeson (2019), Bustillos (2013), and Weir (2017)

16. Newspaper article

Guarino, B. (2017, December 4). How will humanity react to alien life? Psychologists have some predictions. The Washington Post. https://www.washingtonpost.com/ news/speaking-of-science/wp/2017/12/04/how-will-humanity-react-to-alien-lifepsychologists-have-some-predictions

Hess, A. (2019, January 3). Cats who take direction. The New York Times, C1.

Parenthetical citations: (Guarino, 2017; Hess, 2019) Narrative citations: Guarino (2017) and Hess (2019)

 To cite articles from online news websites (vs. online newspapers as shown here), see Example 110.

17. Blog post

Klymkowsky, M. (2018, September 15). Can we talk scientifically about free will? *Sci-Ed.* https://blogs.plos.org/scied/2018/09/15/can-we-talk-scientifically-about-free-will/

Parenthetical citation: (Klymkowsky, 2018) Narrative citation: Klymkowsky (2018)

18. Comment on an online periodical article or post

KS in NJ. (2019, January 15). From this article, it sounds like men are figuring something out that women have known forever. I know of many [Comment on the article "How workout buddies can help stave off loneliness"]. *The Washington Post*. https://wapo. st/2HDToGJ

Parenthetical citation: (KS in NJ, 2019) Narrative citation: KS in NJ (2019)

- Credit the person who left the comment as the author using the format that appears with the comment (i.e., a real name or a username).
- Provide the comment title or up to the first 20 words of the comment; then
 write "Comment on the article" and the title of the article on which the comment appeared (in quotation marks and sentence case, enclosed within square
 brackets).
- Link to the comment itself if possible (see Sections 9.33-9.34).
- Because the comment URL was long and complex, it has been shortened (see Section 9.36). Either the long or the short form of the URL is acceptable.

19. Editorial

Cuellar, N. G. (2016). Study abroad programs [Editorial]. Journal of Transcultural Nursing, 27(3), 209. https://doi.org/10.1177/1043659616638722

Parenthetical citation: (Cuellar, 2016) Narrative citation: Cuellar (2016)

- Use the reference format for the publication in which the editorial was published. This example shows an editorial from a journal; editorials also appear in magazines, newspapers, and other publications.
- Include the notation "Editorial" in square brackets after the title (except when the word "Editorial" is included in the title).
- If the editorial is unsigned, follow the guidelines in Sections 8.14 and 9.12 for the in-text citation and reference list entry, respectively.

10.2 Books and Reference Works

The books category includes authored books, edited books, anthologies, religious works, and classical works. The reference works category includes dictionaries, encyclopedias (including *Wikipedia*), and diagnostic manuals. For ebooks, the format, platform, or device (e.g., Kindle) is not included in the reference. For audiobooks, include the narrator and audiobook notation only in specific cases (see Examples 22 and 29). For a chapter in an authored book, create a reference for the whole book (see Examples 20–23) and provide the chapter number with the in-text citation only (see Section 8.13). Use the template shown next to construct references for books and reference works.

			Source		
Author or editor	Date	Title	Publisher information	DOI or URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group. Editor, E. E. (Ed.). Editor, E. E., & Editor, F. F. (Eds.).	(2020).	Title of book. Title of book (2nd ed., Vol. 4). Title of book [Audiobook]. Title of book (E. E. Editor, Ed.). Title of book (T. Translator, Trans.; N. Narrator, Narr.).	Publisher Name. First Publisher Name; Second Publisher Name.	https://doi. org/xxxx https://xxxxx	

20. Authored book with a DOI

Brown, L. S. (2018). Feminist therapy (2nd ed.). American Psychological Association. https://doi.org/10.1037/0000092-000

Parenthetical citation: (Brown, 2018) Narrative citation: Brown (2018)

Authored book without a DOI, from most academic research databases or print version

Burgess, R. (2019). Rethinking global health: Frameworks of power. Routledge.

Parenthetical citation: (Burgess, 2019) Narrative citation: Burgess (2019)

- See Section 9.30 for more on including database information in references.
- 22. Authored ebook (e.g., Kindle book) or audiobook without a DOI, with a nondatabase URL

Cain, S. (2012). Quiet: The power of introverts in a world that can't stop talking (K. Mazur, Narr.) [Audiobook]. Random House Audio. http://bit.ly/2G0Bpbl Christian, B., & Griffiths, T. (2016). Algorithms to live by: The computer science of human decisions. Henry Holt and Co. http://a.co/7qGBZAk

Parenthetical citations: (Cain, 2012; Christian & Griffiths, 2016) Narrative citations: Cain (2012) and Christian and Griffiths (2016)

- It is not necessary to note when you used an audiobook versus a book or an ebook when the content is the same, even if the format is different. However, do note that the work is an audiobook in the title element when the content is different (e.g., abridged), if you want to note something special about the audiobook (e.g., the impact of the narration on the listener), or if you quote from the audiobook (see Section 8.28).
- If the audiobook was released in a different year from the text version of the book, treat the work as republished (see Example 29).

23. Authored book with editor credited on the book cover

Meadows, D. H. (2008). Thinking in systems: A primer (D. Wright, Ed.). Chelsea Green Publishing.

Parenthetical citation: (Meadows, 2008) Narrative citation: Meadows (2008)

• When an editor is credited on the cover of an authored book, provide the editor's name in parentheses after the book title with "Ed." or "Eds." in parentheses (see Section 9.10).

24. Edited book with a DOI, with multiple publishers

Schmid, H.-J. (Ed.). (2017). Entrenchment and the psychology of language learning: How we reorganize and adapt linguistic knowledge. American Psychological Association; De Gruyter Mouton. https://doi.org/10.1037/15969-000

Parenthetical citation: (Schmid, 2017) Narrative citation: Schmid (2017)

- · Separate multiple publisher names using semicolons.
- Edited book without a DOI, from most academic research databases or print version
 - Hacker Hughes, J. (Ed.). (2017). Military veteran psychological health and social care: Contemporary approaches. Routledge.

Parenthetical citation: (Hacker Hughes, 2017) Narrative citation: Hacker Hughes (2017)

See Section 9.30 for more on including database information in references.

Edited ebook (e.g., Kindle book) or audiobook without a DOI, with a nondatabase URL

Pridham, K. F., Limbo, R., & Schroeder, M. (Eds.). (2018). Guided participation in pediatric nursing practice: Relationship-based teaching and learning with parents, children, and adolescents. Springer Publishing Company. http://a.co/0IAiVgt

Parenthetical citation: (Pridham et al., 2018) Narrative citation: Pridham et al. (2018)

 An ebook example is shown. See Example 22 for information about when a notation is needed after an audiobook title.

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

27. Book in another language

- Amano, N., & Kondo, H. (2000). Nihongo no goi tokusei [Lexical characteristics of Japanese language] (Vol. 7). Sansei-do.
- Piaget, J., & Inhelder, B. (1966). La psychologie de l'enfant [The psychology of the child]. Quadrige.

Parenthetical citations: (Amano & Kondo, 2000; Piaget & Inhelder, 1966) Narrative citations: Amano and Kondo (2000) and Piaget and Inhelder (1966)

 When a book is in a different language than your paper, include a translation of the book title in square brackets (see Section 9.38).

28. Book republished in translation

Piaget, J., & Inhelder, B. (1969). The psychology of the child (H. Weaver, Trans.; 2nd ed.). Basic Books. (Original work published 1966)

Parenthetical citation: (Piaget & Inhelder, 1966/1969) Narrative citation: Piaget and Inhelder (1966/1969)

• For more on translated works, see Section 9.39.

29. Republished book, ebook, or audiobook

Freud, S. (2010). The interpretation of dreams: The complete and definitive text (J. Strachey, Ed. & Trans.). Basic Books. (Original work published 1900)

Rowling, J. K. (2015). Harry Potter and the sorcerer's stone (J. Dale, Narr.) [Audiobook]. Pottermore Publishing. http://bit.ly/2TcHchx (Original work published 1997)

Parenthetical citations: (Freud, 1900/2010; Rowling, 1997/2015) Narrative citations: Freud (1900/2010) and Rowling (1997/2015)

- If the new version has been edited and/or translated from the original, provide the name(s) of the editor(s) and/or translator(s) after the title in parentheses.
- If an audiobook was released in a different year than the text version of the book, treat the audiobook as republished (see also Example 22 and Section 9.41).

30. One volume of a multivolume work

- Fiske, S. T., Gilbert, D. T., & Lindzey, G. (2010). Handbook of social psychology (5th ed., Vol. 1). John Wiley & Sons. https://doi.org/10.1002/9780470561119
- Travis, C. B., & White, J. W. (Eds.). (2018). APA handbook of the psychology of women: Vol. 1. History, theory, and battlegrounds. American Psychological Association. https:// doi.org/10.1037/0000059-000

Parenthetical citations: (Fiske et al., 2010; Travis & White, 2018) Narrative citations: Fiske et al. (2010) and Travis and White (2018)

- If the volume has both series editors (or editors-in-chief) and volume editors, only the volume editors appear in the author element.
- If the volume does not have its own title, include the volume number in parentheses without italics (as in the Fiske et al. example).
- If the volume has its own title, include the volume number and title after the main title in italics (as in the Travis & White example).

31. Book in a series

Madigan, S. (2019). Narrative therapy (2nd ed.). American Psychological Association. https://doi.org/10.1037/0000131-000

Parenthetical citation: (Madigan, 2019) Narrative citation: Madigan (2019) For a series of conceptually related titles, the series title is not included in the reference (this book is part of the Theories of Psychotherapy Series; see Section 9.20).

32. Diagnostic manual (DSM, ICD)

- American Psychiatric Association. (2013). Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (5th ed.). https://doi.org/10.1176/appi.books.9780890425596
- World Health Organization. (2019). International statistical classification of diseases and related health problems (11th ed.). https://icd.who.int/

Parenthetical citation with abbreviation included:

Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (5th ed.; DSM-5; American Psychiatric Association, 2013)

International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (11th ed.; ICD-11; World Health Organization, 2019)

Narrative citation with abbreviation included:

American Psychiatric Association's (2013) Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (5th ed.; DSM-5)

World Health Organization's (2019) International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (11th ed.; ICD-11)

Subsequent parenthetical citations: (American Psychiatric Association, 2013; World Health Organization, 2019)

Subsequent narrative citations: American Psychiatric Association (2013) and World Health Organization (2019)

- When the author and publisher are the same, omit the publisher from the source element.
- It is common, but not required, to identify the title (and edition) of a diagnostic manual in the text. Group authors and manual titles can be abbreviated in the text (with a few exceptions) but not the reference list (see Sections 6.25 and 8.21).
- Generally, include a citation for a manual the first time it is mentioned in the text. If the first mention appears in a heading, do not cite the manual in the heading; rather, cite it within the first paragraph of that section or soon thereafter.
- Do not repeat the citation for a subsequent general mention of a manual. Repeat
 a citation only when it directly supports a statement (e.g., quoting, paraphrasing).
- Additional examples and guidance for citing other editions of and entries in the DSM and ICD are available on the APA Style website.

33. Dictionary, thesaurus, or encyclopedia

American Psychological Association. (n.d.). APA dictionary of psychology. Retrieved June 14, 2019, from https://dictionary.apa.org/

Merriam-Webster. (n.d.). Merriam-Webster.com dictionary. Retrieved May 5, 2019, from https://www.merriam-webster.com/

Zalta, E. N. (Ed.). (2019). The Stanford encyclopedia of philosophy (Summer 2019 ed.). Stanford University. https://plato.stanford.edu/archives/sum2019/

Parenthetical citations: (American Psychological Association, n.d.; Merriam-Webster, n.d.; Zalta, 2019)

Narrative citations: American Psychological Association (n.d.), Merriam-Webster (n.d.), and Zalta (2019)

 When a stable or archived version of the work is cited (as shown for the Zalta example), a retrieval date is not needed. When an online reference work is continuously updated (see Section 9.15) and the versions are not archived (as with the APA Dictionary of Psychology and the Merriam-Webster.com Dictionary examples), use "n.d." as the year of publication and include a retrieval date (see Section 9.16).

34. Anthology

Gold, M. (Ed.). (1999). The complete social scientist: A Kurt Lewin reader. American Psychological Association. https://doi.org/10.1037/10319-000

Parenthetical citation: (Gold, 1999) Narrative citation: Gold (1999)

- Provide the editor(s) of the anthology in the author position of the reference.
- The date refers to the year the anthology was published (for a work included in an anthology, see Example 46).

35. Religious work

King James Bible. (2017). King James Bible Online. https://www.kingjamesbibleonline. org/ (Original work published 1769)

The Qur'an (M. A. S. Abdel Haleem, Trans.). (2004). Oxford University Press.

The Torah: The five books of Moses (3rd ed.). (2015). The Jewish Publication Society. (Original work published 1962)

Parenthetical citations: (King James Bible, 1769/2017; The Qur'an, 2004; The Torah, 1962/2015)

Narrative citations: King James Bible (1769/2017), The Qur'an (2004), and The Torah (1962/2015)

- For more on citing religious works, see Section 9.42; to cite a specific book or verse, see Section 8.13; to quote a passage, see Section 8.28.
- Additional examples of religious texts are available on the APA Style website.

36. Ancient Greek or Roman work

Aristotle. (1994). Poetics (S. H. Butcher, Trans.). The Internet Classics Archive. http:// classics.mit.edu/Aristotle/poetics.html (Original work published ca. 350 B.C.E.)

Parenthetical citation: (Aristotle, ca. 350 B.C.E./1994) Narrative citation: Aristotle (ca. 350 B.C.E./1994)

- For ancient Greek or Roman works, include the copyright date of the version used in the date element and the date of the original (ancient) publication in parentheses at the end of the entry. When the date of original publication is approximate, use the abbreviation "ca." (which stands for "circa").
- For more on citing classical works, see Section 9.42; to cite a canonically numbered part of a classical work, see Section 8.13; to quote a passage, see Section 8.28.

37. Shakespeare

Shakespeare, W. (1995). Much ado about nothing (B. A. Mowat & P. Werstine, Eds.). Washington Square Press. (Original work published 1623)

Parenthetical citation: (Shakespeare, 1623/1995) Narrative citation: Shakespeare (1623/1995)

For more on citing Shakespeare and other works of classical literature, see Section 9.42; to cite a specific act, scene, or line, see Section 8.13; to quote a passage, see Section 8.28.

10.3 Edited Book Chapters and Entries in Reference Works

The edited book chapter category includes chapters of edited books and works in anthologies. The entries in reference works category includes dictionary, thesaurus, and encyclopedia entries. For ebook chapters or entries, the format, platform, or device (e.g., Kindle) is not included in the reference. For audiobook chapters or entries, include the narrator and audiobook notation only in specific cases (see Example 22). For a chapter in an authored book, create a reference for the whole book (see Examples 20–23) and provide the chapter number with the in-text citation only (see Section 8.13). Use the template shown next to construct references for edited book chapters and entries in reference works.

			Source	Source		
Chapter author	Date	Chapter title	Edited book information DC			
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group.	(2020).	Title of chapter.	In E. E. Editor (Ed.), Title of book (pp. 3–13). Publisher Name. In E. E. Editor & F. F. Editor (Eds.), Title of book (3rd ed., Vol. 2, pp. 212–255). Publisher Name.	https://doi.org/ xxxx https://xxxxx		

Chapter in an edited book with a DOI

Balsam, K. F., Martell, C. R., Jones, K. P., & Safren, S. A. (2019). Affirmative cognitive behavior therapy with sexual and gender minority people. In G. Y. Iwamasa & P. A. Hays (Eds.), *Culturally responsive cognitive behavior therapy: Practice and supervision* (2nd ed., pp. 287–314). American Psychological Association. https://doi.org/ 10.1037/0000119-012

Parenthetical citation: (Balsam et al., 2019) Narrative citation: Balsam et al. (2019)

Chapter in an edited book without a DOI, from most academic research databases or print version

Weinstock, R., Leong, G. B., & Silva, J. A. (2003). Defining forensic psychiatry: Roles and responsibilities. In R. Rosner (Ed.), *Principles and practice of forensic psychiatry* (2nd ed., pp. 7–13). CRC Press.

Parenthetical citation: (Weinstock et al., 2003) Narrative citation: Weinstock et al. (2003)

See Section 9.30 for more on including database information in references.

Chapter in an edited ebook (e.g., Kindle book) or audiobook without a DOI, with nondatabase URL

Tafoya, N., & Del Vecchio, A. (2005). Back to the future: An examination of the Native American Holocaust experience. In M. McGoldrick, J. Giordano, & N. Garcia-Preto (Eds.), Ethnicity and family therapy (3rd ed., pp. 55–63). Guilford Press. http://a. co/36xRhBT

Parenthetical citation: (Tafoya & Del Vecchio, 2005) Narrative citation: Tafoya and Del Vecchio (2005)

See Examples 22 and 29 for further information about audiobooks.

41. Chapter in an edited book in another language

Carcavilla González, N. (2015). Terapia sensorial auditiva: Activación cerebral por medio de la música [Auditory sensory therapy: Brain activation through music]. In J. J. García Meilán (Ed.), Guía práctica de terapias estimulativas en el Alzhéimer (pp. 67–86). Editorial Síntesis. https://www.sintesis.com/guias-profesionales-203/guia-practica-deterapias-estimulativas-en-el-alzheimer-libro-1943.html

Parenthetical citation: (Carcavilla González, 2015) Narrative citation: Carcavilla González (2015)

When a chapter is in a different language than your paper, include a translation
of the chapter title in square brackets (see Section 9.38 for more).

Chapter in an edited book, republished in translation

Heidegger, M. (2008). On the essence of truth (J. Sallis, Trans.). In D. F. Krell (Ed.), Basic writings (pp. 111–138). Harper Perennial Modern Thought. (Original work published 1961)

Parenthetical citation: (Heidegger, 1961/2008) Narrative citation: Heidegger (1961/2008)

For more on translated works, see Section 9.39.

43. Chapter in an edited book, reprinted from a journal article

Sacchett, C., & Humphreys, G. W. (2004). Calling a squirrel a squirrel but a canoe a wigwam: A category-specific deficit for artefactual objects and body parts. In D. A. Balota & E. J. Marsh (Eds.), *Cognitive psychology: Key readings in cognition* (pp. 100–108). Psychology Press. (Reprinted from "Calling a squirrel a squirrel but a canoe a wigwam: A category-specific deficit for artefactual objects and body parts," 1992, *Cognitive Neuropsychology*, 9[1], 73–86, http://doi.org/d4vb59)

Parenthetical citation: (Sacchett & Humphreys, 1992/2004) Narrative citation: Sacchett and Humphreys (1992/2004)

- Provide information for the reprinted version you used, then provide in parentheses the original article title (even if the title did not change), year, and source information (see Section 9.40 for more).
- Place the original journal article issue number in square brackets rather than parentheses to avoid nested parentheses.

44. Chapter in an edited book, reprinted from another book

Bronfenbrenner, U. (2005). The social ecology of human development: A retrospective conclusion. In U. Bronfenbrenner (Ed.), Making human beings human: Bioecological perspectives on human development (pp. 27–40). SAGE Publications. (Reprinted from Brain and intelligence: The ecology of child development, pp. 113–123, by F. Richardson, Ed., 1973, National Educational Press)

Parenthetical citation: (Bronfenbrenner, 1973/2005) Narrative citation: Bronfenbrenner (1973/2005)

Provide information for the reprinted version you used, then provide in parentheses the original book title, page range, author or editor name (including "Ed." for an editor), year, and publisher (see Section 9.40 for more).

45. Chapter in a volume of a multivolume work

Goldin-Meadow, S. (2015). Gesture and cognitive development. In L. S. Liben & U. Mueller (Eds.), Handbook of child psychology and developmental science: Vol. 2. Cognitive processes (7th ed., pp. 339–380). John Wiley & Sons. https://doi.org/10. 1002/9781118963418.childpsy209

Parenthetical citation: (Goldin-Meadow, 2015) Narrative citation: Goldin-Meadow (2015)

- If the volume has both series editors (or editors-in-chief) and volume editors, only the volume editors appear in the reference.
- The volume in this example has its own title. See Example 30 for how to include untitled volume information in parentheses after the book title.

46. Work in an anthology

Lewin, K. (1999). Group decision and social change. In M. Gold (Ed.), The complete social scientist: A Kurt Lewin reader (pp. 265–284). American Psychological Association. https://doi.org/10.1037/10319-010 (Original work published 1948)

Parenthetical citation: (Lewin, 1948/1999) Narrative citation: Lewin (1948/1999)

• Works that have been published elsewhere before appearing in an anthology are treated as being republished (see Section 9.41) rather than reprinted.

47. Entry in a dictionary, thesaurus, or encyclopedia, with group author

- American Psychological Association. (n.d.). Positive transference. In APA dictionary of psychology. Retrieved August 31, 2019, from https://dictionary.apa.org/positivetransference
- Merriam-Webster. (n.d.). Self-report. In Merriam-Webster.com dictionary. Retrieved July 12, 2019, from https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/self-report

Parenthetical citations: (American Psychological Association, n.d.; Merriam-Webster, n.d.)

Narrative citations: American Psychological Association (n.d.) and Merriam-Webster (n.d.)

 When an online reference work is continuously updated (see Section 9.15) and the versions are not archived, use "n.d." as the year of publication and include a retrieval date (see Section 9.16).

48. Entry in a dictionary, thesaurus, or encyclopedia, with individual author

Graham, G. (2019). Behaviorism. In E. N. Zalta (Ed.), The Stanford encyclopedia of philosophy (Summer 2019 ed.). Stanford University. https://plato.stanford.edu/archives/ sum2019/entries/behaviorism/

Parenthetical citation: (Graham, 2019) Narrative citation: Graham (2019)

- This example is structured similarly to the reference for a chapter in an edited book because the entry has an individual author, the encyclopedia has an editor, and the whole work has a publisher.
- Because this version of the entry is archived, a retrieval date is not needed.

49. Wikipedia entry

List of oldest companies. (2019, January 13). In Wikipedia. https://en.wikipedia.org/w/ index.php?title=List_of_oldest_companies&oldid=878158136

Parenthetical citation: ("List of Oldest Companies," 2019) Narrative citation: "List of Oldest Companies" (2019)

Cite the archived version of the page so that readers can retrieve the version you
used. Access the archived version on *Wikipedia* by selecting "View history" and
then the time and date of the version you used. If a wiki does not provide permanent links to archived versions of the page, include the URL for the entry and the
retrieval date.

10.4 Reports and Gray Literature

There are many kinds of reports, including government reports, technical reports, and research reports. These reports, like journal articles, usually cover original research, but they may or may not be peer reviewed. They are part of a body of literature sometimes referred to as *gray literature*. The category of gray literature includes press releases, codes of ethics, grants, policy briefs, issue briefs, and so forth. It is optional—but often helpful—to describe these less common types of gray literature in square brackets after the title. Reports themselves sometimes include a suggested reference format; this reference usually contains the information necessary to write an APA Style reference (author, date, title, and source), but you may need to adjust the order of the elements and other formatting to conform to APA Style. When the publisher is the same as the author, which is often the case for group authors (see Examples 50 and 54), omit the publisher from the source element. Use the template shown next to construct references for reports and gray literature.

Author			Source		
	Date	Title	Publisher information	DOI or URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group.	(2020). (2020, May 2).	Title of report. Title of report (Report No. 123). Title of gray literature [Description].	Publisher Name.	https://doi. org/xxxx https://xxxxx	

50. Report by a government agency or other organization

- Australian Government Productivity Commission & New Zealand Productivity Commission. (2012). Strengthening trans-Tasman economic relations. https://www.pc.gov.au/ inquiries/completed/australia-new-zealand/report/trans-tasman.pdf
- Canada Council for the Arts. (2013). What we heard: Summary of key findings: 2013 Canada Council's Inter-Arts Office consultation. http://publications.gc.ca/collections/ collection_2017/canadacouncil/K23-65-2013-eng.pdf
- National Cancer Institute. (2018). Facing forward: Life after cancer treatment (NIH Publication No. 18-2424). U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health. https://www.cancer.gov/publications/patient-education/life-aftertreatment.pdf

Parenthetical citations: (Australian Government Productivity Commission & New Zealand Productivity Commission, 2012; Canada Council for the Arts, 2013; National Cancer Institute, 2018) *Narrative citations:* Australian Government Productivity Commission and New Zealand Productivity Commission (2012), Canada Council for the Arts (2013), and National Cancer Institute (2018)

- See Section 9.11 for how to treat the names of group authors.
- The names of parent agencies not present in the group author name appear in the source element as the publisher (see Section 9.11).
- If multiple agencies authored a report together, join the names with an ampersand, using commas to separate the names of three or more agencies.

51. Report by individual authors at a government agency or other organization

- Fried, D., & Polyakova, A. (2018). Democratic defense against disinformation. Atlantic Council. https://www.atlanticcouncil.org/images/publications/Democratic_ Defense_Against_Disinformation_FINAL.pdf
- Segaert, A., & Bauer, A. (2015). The extent and nature of veteran homelessness in Canada. Employment and Social Development Canada. https://www.canada.ca/ en/employment-social-development/programs/communities/homelessness/ publications-bulletins/veterans-report.html

Parenthetical citations: (Fried & Polyakova, 2018; Segaert & Bauer, 2015) Narrative citations: Fried and Polyakova (2018) and Segaert and Bauer (2015)

Report by individual authors at a government agency, published as part of a series

Blackwell, D. L., Lucas, J. W., & Clarke, T. C. (2014). Summary health statistics for U.S. adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2012 (Vital and Health Statistics Series 10, Issue 260). Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ data/series/sr_10/sr10_260.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (Blackwell et al., 2014) Narrative citation: Blackwell et al. (2014)

53. Report by a task force, working group, or other group

British Cardiovascular Society Working Group. (2016). British Cardiovascular Society Working Group report: Out-of-hours cardiovascular care: Management of cardiac emergencies and hospital in-patients. British Cardiovascular Society. http://www.bcs. com/documents/BCSOOHWP_Final_Report_05092016.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (British Cardiovascular Society Working Group, 2016) Narrative citation: British Cardiovascular Society Working Group (2016)

 Capitalize the name of the task force or working group wherever it appears in the reference because it is a proper noun.

54. Annual report

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. (2017). Agency financial report: Fiscal year 2017. https://www.sec.gov/files/sec-2017-agency-financial-report.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 2017) Narrative citation: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (2017)

55. Code of ethics

- American Counseling Association. (2014). 2014 ACA code of ethics. https://www. counseling.org/knowledge-center
- American Nurses Association. (2015). Code of ethics for nurses with interpretive statements. https://www.nursingworld.org/coe-view-only

American Psychological Association. (2017). Ethical principles of psychologists and code of conduct (2002, amended effective June 1, 2010, and January 1, 2017). https:// www.apa.org/ethics/code/index.aspx

Parenthetical citations: (American Counseling Association, 2014; American Nurses Association, 2015; American Psychological Association, 2017)

Narrative citations: American Counseling Association (2014), American Nurses Association (2015), and American Psychological Association (2017)

56. Grant

Blair, C. B. (Principal Investigator). (2015–2020). Stress, self-regulation and psychopathology in middle childhood (Project No. 5R01HD081252-04) [Grant]. Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health & Human Development. https:// projectreporter.nih.gov/project_info_details.cfm?aid=9473071&icde=40092311

Parenthetical citation: (Blair, 2015–2020) Narrative citation: Blair (2015–2020)

- List the principal investigator as the author with their role in parentheses, the project start and end year(s) as the date, the project title as the title, and the funding agency as the source.
- The National Institutes of Health (NIH) refers to grant numbers as project numbers; use the appropriate terminology for the grant in your reference, and include the number in parentheses after the title.
- A grant application is not a recoverable source and should be discussed as part of the methodology but not included in the reference list.

57. Issue brief

Lichtenstein, J. (2013). Profile of veteran business owners: More young veterans appear to be starting businesses (Issue Brief No. 1). U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy. https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/Issue%20Brief%201,%20 Veteran%20Business%20Owners.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (Lichtenstein, 2013) Narrative citation: Lichtenstein (2013)

- Issue briefs are typically numbered; identify the number of the issue brief in parentheses after the title.
- If a number is not provided, identify the work as an issue brief in square brackets following the title.

58. Policy brief

Harwell, M. (2018). Don't expect too much: The limited usefulness of common SES measures and a prescription for change [Policy brief]. National Education Policy Center. https://nepc.colorado.edu/publication/SES

Parenthetical citation: (Harwell, 2018) Narrative citation: Harwell (2018)

59. Press release

U.S. Food and Drug Administration. (2019, February 14). FDA authorizes first interoperable insulin pump intended to allow patients to customize treatment through their individual diabetes management devices [Press release]. https://www.fda.gov/ NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm631412.htm

Parenthetical citation: (U.S. Food and Drug Administration, 2019) Narrative citation: U.S. Food and Drug Administration (2019)

10.5 Conference Sessions and Presentations

Conference sessions and presentations include paper presentations, poster sessions, keynote addresses, and symposium contributions. Include a label in square brackets after the title that matches how the presentation was described at the conference; include all authors listed as contributing to the presentation (even if they were not physically present). The date should match the date(s) of the full conference to help readers find the source, even though a session or presentation likely occurred on only one day. Include the location of the conference to help with retrieval (see Section 9.31 for the format of locations). Conference proceedings published in a journal or book follow the same format as for a journal article (see Example 1), edited book (see Examples 24–26 and 30), or edited book chapter (see Examples 38–42 and 45).

Use the template shown next to construct references for conference sessions and presentations.

			S	ource
Author	Date	Title	Conference information Conference Name,	DOI or URL
Presenter, A. A., & Presenter, B. B	(2020, September 18–20). (2020, October 30– November 1).	Title of contribu- tion [Type of contribution].		https://doi.org/ xxxx https://xxxxx

Use the template shown next to construct references for symposium contributions.

		-	Source		
Author	Date	Contribution title	Conference information	DOI or URL	
Contributor, A. A., & Contributor, B. B.	(2020, September 18–20). (2020, October 30–November 1).	Title of contribution.	In C. C. Chairperson (Chair), Title of sym- posium [Symposium]. Conference Name, Location.	https://doi. org/xxxxx https://xxxxx	

60. Conference session

Fistek, A., Jester, E., & Sonnenberg, K. (2017, July 12–15). Everybody's got a little music in them: Using music therapy to connect, engage, and motivate [Conference session]. Autism Society National Conference, Milwaukee, WI, United States. https://asa.confex.com/asa/2017/webprogramarchives/Session9517.html

Parenthetical citation: (Fistek et al., 2017) Narrative citation: Fistek et al. (2017)

61. Paper presentation

Maddox, S., Hurling, J., Stewart, E., & Edwards, A. (2016, March 30–April 2). If mama ain't happy, nobody's happy: The effect of parental depression on mood dysregulation in children [Paper presentation]. Southeastern Psychological Association 62nd Annual Meeting, New Orleans, LA, United States.

Parenthetical citation: (Maddox et al., 2016) Narrative citation: Maddox et al. (2016)

62. Poster presentation

Pearson, J. (2018, September 27–30). Fat talk and its effects on state-based body image in women [Poster presentation]. Australian Psychological Society Congress, Sydney, NSW, Australia. http://bit.ly/2XGSThP

Parenthetical citation: (Pearson, 2018) Narrative citation: Pearson (2018)

63. Symposium contribution

De Boer, D., & LaFavor, T. (2018, April 26–29). The art and significance of successfully identifying resilient individuals: A person-focused approach. In A. M. Schmidt & A. Kryvanos (Chairs), Perspectives on resilience: Conceptualization, measurement, and enhancement [Symposium]. Western Psychological Association 98th Annual Convention, Portland, OR, United States.

Parenthetical citation: (De Boer & LaFavor, 2018) Narrative citation: De Boer and LaFavor (2018)

10.6 Dissertations and Theses

References for doctoral dissertations and master's and undergraduate theses are divided by whether they are unpublished or published; unpublished works generally must be retrieved directly from the college or university in print form, whereas published works are available from a database (e.g., the Pro-Quest Dissertations and Theses Global database), a university archive, or a personal website. Thus, for unpublished dissertations and theses, the university name appears in the source element of the reference, whereas for published dissertations and theses, the university name appears in square brackets after the title.

Use the template shown next to construct references for unpublished dissertations and theses.

Author	Date	Title	Source
Author, A. A.	(2020).	Title of dissertation [Unpublished doctoral dissertation]. Title of thesis [Unpublished master's thesis].	Name of Institution Awarding the Degree.

Use the template shown next to construct references for published dissertations and theses.

Author Date		Source		
	Date	Title	Database or archive name	URL
Author, A. A.	(2020).	Title of dissertation [Doctoral dissertation, Name of Institution Awarding the Degree]. Title of thesis [Master's thesis, Name of Institution Awarding the Degree].	Database Name. Archive Name.	https://xxxxx

64. Unpublished dissertation or thesis

Harris, L. (2014). Instructional leadership perceptions and practices of elementary school leaders [Unpublished doctoral dissertation]. University of Virginia.

Parenthetical citation: (Harris, 2014) Narrative citation: Harris (2014)

65. Dissertation or thesis from a database

Hollander, M. M. (2017). Resistance to authority: Methodological innovations and new lessons from the Milgram experiment (Publication No. 10289373) [Doctoral dissertation, University of Wisconsin–Madison]. ProQuest Dissertations and Theses Global.

Parenthetical citation: (Hollander, 2017) Narrative citation: Hollander (2017)

Dissertation or thesis published online (not in a database)

Hutcheson, V. H. (2012). Dealing with dual differences: Social coping strategies of gifted and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer adolescents [Master's thesis, The College of William & Mary]. William & Mary Digital Archive. https://digitalarchive. wm.edu/bitstream/handle/10288/16594/HutchesonVirginia2012.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (Hutcheson, 2012) Narrative citation: Hutcheson (2012)

10.7 Reviews

Reviews of books, films, TV shows, albums, and other entertainment are published in a variety of outlets, including journals, magazines, newspapers, websites, and blogs. The reference format for a review should be the same as the format for the type of content appearing within that source, with the addition of information about the item being reviewed in square brackets after the review title. Within the square brackets, write "Review of the" and then the type of work being reviewed (e.g., film, book, TV series episode, video game); its title (in sentence case, described in Section 6.17; see also Section 9.19 for whether to format the title in italics or quotation marks); and its author or editor, director, writer, and so forth, with a designation of role for all except regular authors of books. Use the template shown next to construct references for reviews.

			Title	Source	
Author	Date	Review title	Details of reviewed work	Periodical information	DOI or URL
Reviewer, A. A.	(2020). (2020,	Title of review	[Review of the book <i>Book title,</i> by A. A. Author].	Periodical Title, 34(2), 14–15.	https://doi. org/xxxxx
February 3).		[Review of the book Book title, by E. E. Editor, Ed.].	Blog Title.	https:// xxxxxx	
			[Review of the film <i>Film title</i> , by D. D. Director, Dir.].		
		-	[Review of the TV series episode "Episode title," by W. W. Writer, Writer, & D. D. Director, Dir.].		-

67. Film review published in a journal

Mirabito, L. A., & Heck, N. C. (2016). Bringing LGBTQ youth theater into the spotlight [Review of the film The year we thought about love, by E. Brodsky, Dir.]. Psychology of Sexual Orientation and Gender Diversity, 3(4), 499–500. https://doi.org/10.1037/ sgd0000205

Parenthetical citation: (Mirabito & Heck, 2016) Narrative citation: Mirabito and Heck (2016)

68. Book review published in a newspaper

Santos, F. (2019, January 11). Reframing refugee children's stories [Review of the book We are displaced: My journey and stories from refugee girls around the world, by M. Yousafzai]. The New York Times. https://nyti.ms/2HIgjk3

Parenthetical citation: (Santos, 2019) Narrative citation: Santos (2019)

69. TV series episode review published on a website

Perkins, D. (2018, February 1). The good place ends its remarkable second season with irrational hope, unexpected gifts, and a smile [Review of the TV series episode "Somewhere else," by M. Schur, Writer & Dir.]. A.V. Club. https://www.avclub.com/ the-good-place-ends-its-remarkable-second-season-with-i-1822649316

Parenthetical citation: (Perkins, 2018) Narrative citation: Perkins (2018)

• The title is italicized because this work is a webpage on a website (see Example 112). In the reference, the title of the show appears in reverse italics (see Section 6.23) and sentence case.

10.8 Unpublished Works and Informally Published Works

Unpublished works include work that is in progress, has been completed but not yet submitted for publication, and has been submitted but not yet accepted for publication. Informally published works include work that is available from a preprint archive or repository such as PsyArXiv, an electronic archive such as ERIC, an institutional archive, a government archive, a personal website, and so forth. Refer to the final published version of your sources when possible (see Section 8.5); remember to update your references prior to publication of your work or submission for a classroom assignment to ensure they contain the most up-to-date publication information.

For an unpublished or informally published work, the date should be the year the work was completed or the year the draft was written. Do not use the words "in preparation," "submitted," or "submitted for publication" in the date element of the reference. After the title, describe the status of the work (e.g., unpublished, in preparation, submitted for publication) using the appropriate descriptor for the work (e.g., manuscript, report) in square brackets. When the source of the unpublished work is known (e.g., a university or university department), include it in the source element of the reference. Include a DOI or URL when available for informally published works.

Author			Source		
	Date	Title	University information	URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B.	(2020).	Title of the work [Unpublished manuscript]. Title of work [Manuscript in preparation]. Title of work [Manuscript submitted for publication].	Department Name, University Name.	https://xxxxx	

Use the template shown next to construct references for unpublished works.

Use the template shown next to construct references for informally published works.

			Source		
Author Date	Date	Title	Database or archive information	DOI or URL	
Author, A. A., & Author B. B.	(2020).	Title of the work. Title of the work (Publication No. 123).	Name of Database. Name of Archive.	https://doi.org/ xxxxx https://xxxxx	

70. Unpublished manuscript

Yoo, J., Miyamoto, Y., Rigotti, A., & Ryff, C. (2016). Linking positive affect to blood lipids: A cultural perspective [Unpublished manuscript]. Department of Psychology, University of Wisconsin–Madison.

Parenthetical citation: (Yoo et al., 2016) Narrative citation: Yoo et al. (2016)

- An unpublished manuscript is only in the authors' possession. Treat a manuscript available online as informally published (see Examples 73–74).
- Include the department and institution where the work was produced, if possible.

71. Manuscript in preparation

O'Shea, M. (2018). Understanding proactive behavior in the workplace as a function of gender [Manuscript in preparation]. Department of Management, University of Kansas.

Parenthetical citation: (O'Shea, 2018) Narrative citation: O'Shea (2018)

- A manuscript in preparation is only in the authors' possession. Treat a manuscript available online as informally published (see Examples 73–74).
- Include the department and institution where the work was produced, if possible.

72. Manuscript submitted for publication

Lippincott, T., & Poindexter, E. K. (2019). Emotion recognition as a function of facial cues: Implications for practice [Manuscript submitted for publication]. Department of Psychology, University of Washington.

Parenthetical citation: (Lippincott & Poindexter, 2019) Narrative citation: Lippincott and Poindexter (2019)

- Do not list the name of the journal to which the work was submitted. Once the manuscript has been accepted for publication, cite it as an in-press article (see Example 8).
- A manuscript submitted for publication is not available to the public. If the manuscript is available online, treat it as informally published (see Examples 73–74).

73. Informally published work, from a preprint archive or an institutional repository

Leuker, C., Samartzidis, L., Hertwig, R., & Pleskac, T. J. (2018). When money talks: Judging risk and coercion in high-paying clinical trials. PsyArXiv. https://doi.org/10.17605/ OSF.IO/9P7CB

Stults-Kolehmainen, M. A., & Sinha, R. (2015). The effects of stress on physical activity and exercise. PubMed Central. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3894304

Parenthetical citations: (Leuker et al., 2018; Stults-Kolehmainen & Sinha, 2015) Narrative citations: Leuker et al. (2018) and Stults-Kolehmainen and Sinha (2015)

The informally published work may not be peer reviewed (as with Leuker et al.'s
preprint article from PsyArXiv), or it may be the author's final, peer-reviewed
manuscript as accepted for publication (as with Stults-Kolehmainen & Sinha's
manuscript from PubMed Central). See Section 8.5 for more on use of an archival
version.

74. Informally published work, from ERIC database

Ho, H.-K. (2014). Teacher preparation for early childhood special education in Taiwan (ED545393). ERIC. https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED545393.pdf

Parenthetical citation: (Ho, 2014) Narrative citation: Ho (2014)

ERIC assigns document numbers to the works in the database. Include this number in parentheses after the title of the work.

Data Sets, Software, and Tests

10.9 Data Sets

Citing data supports their discovery and reuse, leading to better science through the validation of results. It also recognizes data as an essential part of the scientific record and acknowledges data creators for their contributions. We recommend that authors include an in-text citation and a reference list entry for a data set when they have either (a) conducted secondary analyses of publicly archived data or (b) archived their own data being presented for the first time in the current work (see also Section 1.14 on data retention and sharing).

The date for published data is the year of publication and for unpublished data is the year(s) of collection. When a version number exists, include it in parentheses after the title. The bracketed description is flexible (e.g., data set, data set and code book). In the source element of the reference, for published data, provide the name of the organization that has published, archived, produced, or distributed the data set; for unpublished data, provide the source (e.g., a university), if known. Include a retrieval date only if the data set is designed to change over time (e.g., if data are still undergoing collection; see Section 9.16 for

more on retrieval dates). Use the template shown next to construct references for data sets.

			Source		
Author	Date	Title	Publisher	DOI or URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B.	(2020). (2015–	Title of data set (Version 1.2) [Data set].	Publisher Name.	https://doi.org/ xxxxx	
Name of Group.		Title of data set [Unpublished raw data]. [Description of untitled data set] [Unpublished raw data].	Source of Unpublished Data.	https://xxxxx Retrieved October 21, 2020, from https://xxxxx	

75. Data set

- D'Souza, A., & Wiseheart, M. (2018). Cognitive effects of music and dance training in children (ICPSR 37080; Version V1) [Data set]. ICPSR. https://doi.org/10.3886/ ICPSR37080.v1
- National Center for Education Statistics. (2016). Fast Response Survey System (FRSS): Teachers' use of educational technology in U.S. public schools, 2009 (ICPSR 35531; Version V3) [Data set and code book]. National Archive of Data on Arts and Culture. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR35531.v3
- Pew Research Center. (2018). American trends panel Wave 26 [Data set]. https://www. pewsocialtrends.org/dataset/american-trends-panel-wave-26/

Parenthetical citations: (D'Souza & Wiseheart, 2018; National Center for Education Statistics, 2016; Pew Research Center, 2018)

Narrative citations: D'Souza and Wiseheart (2018), National Center for Education Statistics (2016), and Pew Research Center (2018)

76. Unpublished raw data

Baer, R. A. (2015). [Unpublished raw data on the correlations between the Five Facet Mindfulness Questionnaire and the Kentucky Inventory of Mindfulness Skills]. University of Kentucky.

Oregon Youth Authority. (2011). Recidivism outcomes [Unpublished raw data].

Parenthetical citations: (Baer, 2015; Oregon Youth Authority, 2011) Narrative citations: Baer (2015) and Oregon Youth Authority (2011)

- For an untitled data set, provide a description in square brackets of the publication status and focus of the data.
- When the source of unpublished raw data is known (e.g., a university or a university department), include it at the end of the reference.

10.10 Computer Software, Mobile Apps, Apparatuses, and Equipment

Common software and mobile apps mentioned in text, but not paraphrased or quoted, do not need citations, nor do programming languages. "Common" is relative to your field and audience—examples of software or apps that do not require citations include Microsoft Office (e.g., Word, Excel, PowerPoint), social media apps (e.g., Facebook, Instagram, Twitter), survey software (e.g., Qualtrics, Survey Monkey), Adobe products (e.g., Adobe Reader, Photoshop, Adobe Acrobat), Java, and statistical programs (e.g., R, SPSS, SAS). If you used common software or mobile apps during your research, simply give the proper name of the software or app along the with version number in the text, if relevant. Data were analyzed with IBM SPSS Statistics (Version 25). Clients had installed the Facebook app on their mobile devices.

However, include reference list entries and in-text citations if you have paraphrased or quoted from any software or app. Also provide reference list entries and in-text citations when mentioning software, apps, and apparatuses or equipment of limited distribution—meaning your audience is unlikely to be familiar with them. The date of a computer software or mobile app reference is the year of publication of the version used. The titles of software and apps should be italicized in the reference list entry but not italicized in the text. To cite content on a social media app, see Section 10.15. Use the template shown next to construct references for software and mobile apps of limited distribution and for apparatuses or equipment.

			Source		
Author	Date	Title	Publisher	URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group.	(2020).	Title of work (Version 1.2) [Computer software]. Title of work (Version 4.6) [Mobile app]. Name of apparatus (Model number) [Apparatus]. Name of equipment (Model number) [Equipment].	Publisher. App Store. Google Play Store.	https://xxxxxx	

Use the template shown next to construct references for entries in mobile app reference works. The format for an entry in a mobile app reference work is similar to that for a chapter in an edited book. The most common case, in which the same author is responsible for the whole work and all entries, is shown here.

Author	Date	Entry title	Source		
			Mobile app information	URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group.	(2020).	Title of entry.	In <i>Title of work</i> (Version 1.2) [Mobile app]. Publisher Name or App Store.	https://xxxxx	

77. Software

Borenstein, M., Hedges, L., Higgins, J., & Rothstein, H. (2014). Comprehensive metaanalysis (Version 3.3.070) [Computer software]. Biostat. https://www.meta-analysis. com/

Parenthetical citation: (Borenstein et al., 2014) Narrative citation: Borenstein et al. (2014)

Apparatus or equipment

- SR Research. (2016). Eyelink 1000 plus [Apparatus and software]. https://www.sr-research. com/eyelink1000plus.html
- Tactile Labs. (2015). Latero tactile display [Apparatus]. http://tactilelabs.com/products/ haptics/latero-tactile-display/

Parenthetical citations: (SR Research, 2016; Tactile Labs, 2015) Narrative citations: SR Research (2016) and Tactile Labs (2015)

- If the apparatus or equipment comes with software, list both in the description.
- If the apparatus or equipment has a model number that is not included in the title, include the number after the title in parentheses.
- Because the author and publisher are the same, omit the publisher.

79. Mobile app

Epocrates. (2019). Epocrates medical references (Version 18.12) [Mobile app]. App Store. https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/epocrates/id281935788?mt=8

Parenthetical citation: (Epocrates, 2019) Narrative citation: Epocrates (2019)

80. Entry in a mobile app reference work

Epocrates. (2019). Interaction check: Aspirin + sertraline. In *Epocrates medical references* (Version 18.12) [Mobile app]. Google Play Store. https://play.google.com/store/apps/ details?id=com.epocrates&hl=en_US

Parenthetical citation: (Epocrates, 2019) Narrative citation: Epocrates (2019)

10.11 Tests, Scales, and Inventories

To cite a test, scale, or inventory, provide a citation for its supporting literature (e.g., its manual, which may be an authored or an edited book, or the journal article in which it was published; see Example 81). If supporting literature is not available, it is also possible to cite the test itself (see Example 82) and/or a database record for a test (see Example 83). The title of a test, a scale, or an inventory should be capitalized using title case whenever it appears in a paper. Although the test itself is cited), in the text, the title of a test should appear in title case in standard (nonitalic) type. A test database name (e.g., PsycTESTS, ETS TestLink) is included only for test database records (see Example 83). Use the template shown next to construct references for tests, scales, inventories, or test database records.

			Source		
Author	Date	Title	Database	URL	
Author, A. A., & (2020	(2020).	Title of the Test.	Test Database	https://xxxxxx	
Author, B. B.		Title of the Test Database Name. Record [Database record].			

81. Manual for a test, scale, or inventory

Tellegen, A., & Ben-Porath, Y. S. (2011). Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory–2 Restructured Form (MMPI-2-RF): Technical manual. Pearson.

Parenthetical citation: (Tellegen & Ben-Porath, 2011) Narrative citation: Tellegen and Ben-Porath (2011)

82. Test, scale, or inventory itself

Project Implicit. (n.d.). Gender–Science IAT. https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/ takeatest.html Parenthetical citation: (Project Implicit, n.d.) Narrative citation: Project Implicit (n.d.)

 Cite the test, scale, or inventory itself only if a manual or other supporting literature is not available to cite; if a manual is available for a test, cite the manual, not the test (see Example 81).

83. Database record for a test

- Alonso-Tapia, J., Nieto, C., Merino-Tejedor, E., Huertas, J. A., & Ruiz, M. (2018). Situated Goals Questionnaire for University Students (SGQ-U, CMS-U) [Database record]. PsycTESTS. https://doi.org/10.1037/t66267-000
- Cardoza, D., Morris, J. K., Myers, H. F., & Rodriguez, N. (2000). Acculturative Stress Inventory (ASI) (TC022704) [Database record]. ETS TestLink.

Parenthetical citations: (Alonso-Tapia et al., 2018; Cardoza et al., 2000) Narrative citations: Alonso-Tapia et al. (2018) and Cardoza et al. (2000)

• Test database records (e.g., records from PsycTESTS, the ETS TestLink collection, or the CINAHL database) typically provide unique descriptive and administrative information about tests; cite the database record if you use this unique information. Otherwise, cite the test's supporting literature, if available.

Audiovisual Media

Audiovisual media may have both visual and audio components (e.g., films, TV shows, YouTube videos; see Section 10.12), audio components only (e.g., music, speech recordings; see Section 10.13), or visual components only (e.g., artwork, PowerPoint slides, photographs; see Section 10.14). The reference examples that follow are divided into those categories as an aid to readers of this manual; however, they follow the same formats, so the guidance is presented together here.

The formats for audiovisual references follow a pattern based on whether the work stands alone (e.g., films, whole TV series, podcasts, webinars, music albums, artwork, YouTube videos) or is part of a greater whole (e.g., TV series episodes, podcast episodes, songs from a music album).

Media type	Include as the author		
Film	Director		
TV series	Executive producer(s)		
TV series episode	Writer and director of episode		
Podcast	Host or executive producer		
Podcast episode	Host of episode		
Webinar	Instructor		
Classical music album or song	Composer		
Modern music album or song	Recording artist		
Artwork	Artist		
Online streaming video	Person or group who uploaded the video		
Photograph	Photographer		

The author of an audiovisual work is determined by media type, as shown next.

Describe the audiovisual work in square brackets—for example, "[Film]," "[TV series]," "[Audio podcast episode]," "[Song]," "[Painting]," and so forth in the title element of the reference. In the source element of the reference, provide the name of the production company for films, TV series, or podcasts; the label for music albums; the museum name and location for artwork; or the name of the streaming video site that hosts a streaming video. To cite a direct quotation from an audiovisual work (e.g., from a film), see Section 8.28; for interviews, see Section 8.7. If you want to reproduce an audiovisual work (e.g., a photograph or clip art) rather than just cite it, you may need to seek permission from the copyright owner and/or provide a copyright attribution per the terms of the image license (see Section 12.15 for more).

Use the template shown next to construct references for audiovisual media that stand alone.

		Title	Source	
Author	Date		Publisher	URL
Director, D. D. (Director).	(2020). (1989–present). (2013–2019). (2019, July 21).	Title of work [Description].	Production Company.	https://xxxxxx
Producer, P. P. (Executive Producer).			Label. Museum Name,	
Host, H. H. (Host). Artist, A. A.	(2017) Suly 21).		Museum Location. Department Name,	
Uploader, U. U.			University Name,	

Use the template shown next to construct references for audiovisual media that are part of a greater whole.

Author	Date	Title	Source	
			Publisher	URL
Writer, W. W. (Writer), & Director, D. D. (Director).	(2020). (2020, March 26).	Title of episode (Season No., Episode No.) [Description]. Title of song [Description].	In P. P. Producer (Executive Producer), <i>Title of TV series.</i> Production	https://xxxxxx
Host, H. H. (Host). Producer, P. P. (Producer).			Company. In Title of podcast. Production Company.	
Composer, C. C. Artist, A. A.			On Title of album. Label.	

10.12 Audiovisual Works

84. Film or video

Forman, M. (Director). (1975). One flew over the cuckoo's nest [Film]. United Artists.

- Fosha, D. (Guest Expert), & Levenson, H. (Host). (2017). Accelerated experiential dynamic psychotherapy (AEDP) supervision [Film; educational DVD]. American Psychological Association. https://www.apa.org/pubs/videos/4310958.aspx
- Jackson, P. (Director). (2001). The lord of the rings: The fellowship of the ring [Film; fourdisc special extended ed. on DVD]. WingNut Films; The Saul Zaentz Company.

Parenthetical citations: (Forman, 1975; Fosha & Levenson, 2017; Jackson, 2001) Narrative citations: Forman (1975), Fosha and Levenson (2017), and Jackson (2001)

- The director should be credited as the author of a film. However, if the director is
 unknown (as with the Fosha & Levenson example), someone in a similar role can
 be credited instead to aid readers in retrieving the work; the description of role
 in this case matches what is on the work and is flexible.
- It is not necessary to specify how you watched a film (e.g., in a theater, on DVD, streaming online). However, the format or other descriptive information may be included—within the square brackets, following the word "Film" and a semi-colon—when you need to specify the version used (e.g., when the film's DVD release includes a commentary or special feature that you used, or when the film is a limited-release educational video or DVD). Adjust this wording as needed.

85. Film or video in another language

Malle, L. (Director). (1987). Au revoir les enfants [Goodbye children] [Film]. Nouvelles Éditions de Films.

Parenthetical citation: (Malle, 1987) Narrative citation: Malle (1987)

 When a film title is in a different language than your paper, include a translation of the title in square brackets (see Section 9.38).

86. TV series

Simon, D., Colesberry, R. F., & Kostroff Noble, N. (Executive Producers). (2002–2008). The wire [TV series]. Blown Deadline Productions; HBO.

Parenthetical citation: (Simon et al., 2002–2008) Narrative citation: Simon et al. (2002–2008)

 When the series spans multiple years, separate the years with an en dash. If the series is still airing, replace the second year with the word "present": (2015-present).

87. TV series episode or webisode

- Barris, K. (Writer & Director). (2017, January 11). Lemons (Season 3, Episode 12) [TV series episode]. In K. Barris, J. Groff, A. Anderson, E. B. Dobbins, L. Fishburne, & H. Sugland (Executive Producers), *Black-ish*. Wilmore Films; Artists First; Cinema Gypsy Productions; ABC Studios.
- Oakley, B. (Writer), Weinstein, J. (Writer), & Lynch, J. (Director). (1995, May 21). Who shot Mr. Burns? (Part one) (Season 6, Episode 25) [TV series episode]. In D. Mirkin, J. L. Brooks, M. Groening, & S. Simon (Executive Producers), *The Simpsons*. Gracie Films; Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation.

Parenthetical citations: (Barris, 2017; Oakley et al., 1995) Narrative citations: Barris (2017) and Oakley et al. (1995)

- Include writer(s) and the director for the episode. Include the contributor roles in parentheses after each contributor's name. "Writer" and "Director" are shown here, but "Executive Director" or other role descriptions might also be used.
- Provide the season number and episode number after the title in parentheses.

88. TED Talk

- Giertz, S. (2018, April). Why you should make useless things [Video]. TED Conferences. https://www.ted.com/talks/simone_giertz_why_you_should_make_useless_things
- TED. (2012, March 16). Brené Brown: Listening to shame [Video]. YouTube. https://www. youtube.com/watch?v=psN1DORYYV0

Parenthetical citations: (Giertz, 2018; TED, 2012) Narrative citations: Giertz (2018) and TED (2012)

- When the TED Talk comes from TED's website (as with the Giertz example), use the name of the speaker as the author. When the TED Talk is on YouTube, list the owner of the YouTube account (here, TED) as the author to aid in retrieval.
- When the speaker is not listed as the author, integrate their name into the narrative if desired: "Brown discussed shame as a human experience (TED, 2012)."
- To cite a quotation from a TED Talk, see Section 8.28.

89. Webinar, recorded

Goldberg, J. F. (2018). Evaluating adverse drug effects [Webinar]. American Psychiatric Association. https://education.psychiatry.org/Users/ProductDetails.aspx?ActivityID= 6172

Parenthetical citation: (Goldberg, 2018) Narrative citation: Goldberg (2018)

- Use this format only for recorded, retrievable webinars.
- Cite unrecorded webinars as personal communications (see Section 8.9).

90. YouTube video or other streaming video

Cutts, S. (2017, November 24). Happiness [Video]. Vimeo. https://vimeo.com/244405542

Fogarty, M. [Grammar Girl]. (2016, September 30). How to diagram a sentence (absolute basics) [Video]. YouTube. https://youtu.be/deiEY5Yq1ql

University of Oxford. (2018, December 6). *How do geckos walk on water*? [Video]. YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qm1xGfOZJc8

Parenthetical citations: (Cutts, 2017; Fogarty, 2016; University of Oxford, 2018) Narrative citations: Cutts (2017), Fogarty (2016), and University of Oxford (2018)

- The person or group who uploaded the video is credited as the author for retrievability, even if they did not create the work. Note the contributions of others who appear in the video in the text narrative if desired (see Example 88).
- See Section 9.8 for how to present usernames. To cite a quotation from a YouTube or other streaming video, see Section 8.28.

10.13 Audio Works

See the introduction to the Audiovisual Media section for templates for audio works.

91. Music album

Bach, J. S. (2010). The Brandenburg concertos: Concertos BWV 1043 & 1060 [Album recorded by Academy of St Martin in the Fields]. Decca. (Original work published 1721)

Bowie, D. (2016). Blackstar [Album]. Columbia.

Parenthetical citations: (Bach, 1721/2010; Bowie, 2016) Narrative citations: Bach (1721/2010) and Bowie (2016)

- For a recording of a classical work, provide the composer as the author, and note (in square brackets) following the title the individual or group who recorded the version you used. Provide the publication date for the version you used, and then provide the year of original composition in parentheses at the end of the reference.
- For all other recordings, provide the name of the recording artist or group as the author.
- It is not usually necessary to specify how you listened to an album (e.g., streaming on Spotify, iTunes, Amazon Music, Pandora, Tidal; on CD). However, the format

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

or other descriptive information may be included—in square brackets, following the word "Album" and a semicolon—when you need to specify the version you used (e.g., when a version of an album includes special tracks or features you accessed). Adjust this wording as needed.

 Include a URL in the reference if that location is the only means of retrieval (e.g., for artists who provide music in only one location, such as SoundCloud or their website).

92. Single song or track

Beethoven, L. van. (2012). Symphony No. 3 in E-flat major [Song recorded by Staatskapelle Dresden]. On Beethoven: Complete symphonies. Brilliant Classics. (Original work published 1804)

Beyoncé. (2016). Formation [Song]. On Lemonade. Parkwood; Columbia.

Childish Gambino. (2018). This is America [Song]. mcDJ; RCA.

Lamar, K. (2017). Humble [Song]. On Damn. Aftermath Entertainment; Interscope Records; Top Dawg Entertainment.

Parenthetical citations: (Beethoven, 1804/2012; Beyoncé, 2016; Childish Gambino, 2018; Lamar, 2017)

Narrative citations: Beethoven (1804/2012), Beyoncé (2016), Childish Gambino (2018), and Lamar (2017)

- If the song has no associated album (as in the Childish Gambino example), omit that part of the reference.
- Include a URL in the reference if that location is the only means of retrieval (e.g., for artists who provide music in only one location, such as SoundCloud or on their website).

93. Podcast

Vedantam, S. (Host). (2015–present). *Hidden brain* [Audio podcast]. NPR. https://www. npr.org/series/423302056/hidden-brain

Parenthetical citation: (Vedantam, 2015–present) Narrative citation: Vedantam (2015–present)

- List the host of the podcast as the author. Alternatively, provide the executive producers, if known. In either case, include their role in parentheses.
- Specify the type of podcast (audio or video) in square brackets.
- · If the URL of the podcast is unknown (e.g., if accessed via an app), omit the URL.

94. Podcast episode

Glass, I. (Host). (2011, August 12). Amusement park (No. 443) [Audio podcast episode]. In This American life. WBEZ Chicago. https://www.thisamericanlife.org/radio-archives/ episode/443/amusement-park

Parenthetical citation: (Glass, 2011) Narrative citation: Glass (2011)

- List the host of the podcast as the author and include their role in parentheses.
- Provide the episode number after the title in parentheses. If the podcast does not number episodes, omit the number from the reference.
- · Specify the type of podcast (audio or video) in square brackets.
- If the URL of the podcast is unknown (e.g., if accessed via an app), omit the URL.

95. Radio interview recording in a digital archive

de Beauvoir, S. (1960, May 4). Simone de Beauvoir discusses the art of writing [Interview]. Studs Terkel Radio Archive; The Chicago History Museum. https://studsterkel.wfmt. com/programs/simone-de-beauvoir-discusses-art-writing

Parenthetical citation: (de Beauvoir, 1960) Narrative citation: de Beauvoir (1960)

 For interviews that are housed in digital or physical archives (whether in audio or audiovisual form), credit the interviewee as the author. For more on interviews, see Section 8.7.

96. Speech audio recording

King, M. L., Jr. (1963, August 28). I have a dream [Speech audio recording]. American Rhetoric. https://www.americanrhetoric.com/speeches/mlkihaveadream.htm

Parenthetical citation: (King, 1963) Narrative citation: King (1963)

10,14 Visual Works

See the introduction to the Audiovisual Media section for templates for visual works.

97. Artwork in a museum or on a museum website

- Delacroix, E. (1826–1827). Faust attempts to seduce Marguerite [Lithograph]. The Louvre, Paris, France.
- Wood, G. (1930). American gothic [Painting]. Art Institute of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States. https://www.artic.edu/aic/collections/artwork/6565

Parenthetical citations: (Delacroix, 1826–1827; Wood, 1930) Narrative citations: Delacroix (1826–1827) and Wood (1930)

- Use this format to cite all types of museum artwork, including paintings, sculptures, photographs, prints, drawings, and installations; always include a description of the medium or format in square brackets after the title.
- For untitled art, include a description in square brackets in place of a title.

98. Clip art or stock image

GDJ. (2018). Neural network deep learning prismatic [Clip art]. Openclipart. https:// openclipart.org/detail/309343/neural-network-deep-learning-prismatic

Parenthetical citation: (GDJ, 2018) Narrative citation: GDJ (2018)

 Use this format to cite (but not reproduce) most clip art or stock images. To reproduce clip art or stock images, permission and/or a copyright attribution may be necessary in addition to the reference. No citation, permission, or copyright attribution is necessary for clip art from programs like Microsoft Word or PowerPoint (see Section 12.15).

99. Infographic

Rossman, J., & Palmer, R. (2015). Sorting through our space junk [Infographic]. World Science Festival. https://www.worldsciencefestival.com/2015/11/space-junkinfographic/

REFERENCE EXAMPLES

Parenthetical citation: (Rossman & Palmer, 2015) Narrative citation: Rossman and Palmer (2015)

 Use this format to cite (but not reproduce) an infographic. To reproduce an infographic, permission and/or a copyright attribution may be necessary in addition to the reference (see Section 12.15).

100. Map

Cable, D. (2013). The racial dot map [Map]. University of Virginia, Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service. https://demographics.coopercenter.org/Racial-Dot-Map

Google. (n.d.). [Google Maps directions for driving from La Paz, Bolivia, to Lima, Peru]. Retrieved February 16, 2020, from https://goo.gl/YYE3GR

Parenthetical citations: (Cable, 2013; Google, n.d.) Narrative citations: Cable (2013) and Google (n.d.)

 Because dynamically created maps (e.g., Google Maps) do not have a title, describe the map in square brackets, and include a retrieval date.

101. Photograph

McCurry, S. (1985). Afghan girl [Photograph]. National Geographic. https://www. nationalgeographic.com/magazine/national-geographic-magazine-50-years-ofcovers/#/ngm-1985-jun-714.jpg

Rinaldi, J. (2016). [Photograph series of a boy who finds his footing after abuse by those he trusted]. The Pulitzer Prizes. https://www.pulitzer.org/winners/jessica-rinaldi

Parenthetical citations: (McCurry, 1985; Rinaldi, 2016) Narrative citations: McCurry (1985) and Rinaldi (2016)

- Use this format to cite (but not reproduce) photographs or other artwork not connected to a museum (for museum artwork, see Example 97). To reproduce a photograph, permission and/or a copyright attribution may be necessary in addition to the reference (see Section 12.15).
- The source is the name of the site from which the photograph was retrieved.
- For an untitled photograph, include a description in square brackets in place of a title.

102. PowerPoint slides or lecture notes

- Canan, E., & Vasilev, J. (2019, May 22). [Lecture notes on resource allocation]. Department of Management Control and Information Systems, University of Chile. https:// uchilefau.academia.edu/ElseZCanan
- Housand, B. (2016). Game on! Integrating games and simulations in the classroom [PowerPoint slides]. SlideShare. https://www.slideshare.net/brianhousand/gameon-iagc-2016/
- Mack, R., & Spake, G. (2018). Citing open source images and formatting references for presentations [PowerPoint slides]. Canvas@FNU. https://fnu.onelogin.com/login

Parenthetical citations: (Canan & Vasilev, 2019; Housand, 2016; Mack & Spake, 2018)

Narrative citations: Canan and Vasilev (2019), Housand (2016), and Mack and Spake (2018)

 If the slides come from a classroom website, learning management system (e.g., Canvas, Blackboard), or company intranet and you are writing for an audience with access to that resource, provide the name of the site and its URL (use the login page URL for sites requiring login; see Section 8.8).

Online Media

10.15 Social Media

Cite only original content from social media sites such as Twitter, Facebook, Reddit, Instagram, Tumblr, LinkedIn, and so forth. That is, if you used social media to discover content (e.g., you found a link to a blog post on Pinterest or Twitter) and you want to cite the content, cite it directly—it is not necessary to mention that you found it through a link on social media.

Social media posts may contain text only, text with audiovisuals (e.g., photos, videos), or audiovisuals alone. Include the text of a social media post up to the first 20 words. Note the presence of audiovisuals (in square brackets) after the text of the post (see Example 105).

Social media posts might also contain nonstandard spelling and capitalization, hashtags, links, and emojis. Do not alter the spelling and capitalization in a social media reference. Retain hashtags and links. Replicate emojis, if possible. If you are not able to create the emoji, provide the emoji's name in square brackets, for example, "[face with tears of joy emoji]" for . The full list of emoji names can be found on the Unicode Consortium's website (http://unicode.org/ emoji/charts/index.html). When calculating the number of words in your paper, count an emoji as one word.

Use the template shown next to construct references to social media content.

			Source		
Author	Date	Title	Social media site name	URL	
Twitter and Instagram: Author, A. A. [@username]. Name of Group [@username]. Facebook and others: Author, A. A. Name of Group. Name of Group [Username]. Username.	(n.d.). (2019, August 8).	Content of the post up to the first 20 words. Content of the post up to the first 20 words [Description of audiovisuals]. [Description of audiovisuals].	Site Name.	https://xxxxx Retrieved August 27, 2020, from https://xxxxx	

103. Tweet

- APA Education [@APAEducation]. (2018, June 29). College students are forming mental-health clubs—and they're making a difference @washingtonpost [Thumbnail with link attached] [Tweet]. Twitter. https://twitter.com/apaeducation/status/ 1012810490530140161
- Badlands National Park [@BadlandsNPS]. (2018, February 26). Biologists have identified more than 400 different plant species growing in @BadlandsNPS #DYK #biodiversity [Tweet]. Twitter. https://twitter.com/BadlandsNPS/status/968196500412133379
- White, B. [@BettyMWhite]. (2018, June 21). I treasure every minute we spent together #koko [Image attached] [Tweet]. Twitter. https://twitter.com/BettyMWhite/status/ 1009951892846227456

Parenthetical citations: (APA Education, 2018; Badlands National Park, 2018; White, 2018)

Narrative citations: APA Education (2018), Badlands National Park (2018), and White (2018)

- If the tweet includes images (including animated gifs), videos, thumbnail links to
 outside sources, links to other tweets (as in a retweet with comment), or a poll,
 indicate that in square brackets. For tweet replies, do not include the "replying to"
 information; if that is important to note, do so within the in-text citation.
- Replicate emojis if possible (see the introduction to Section 10.15 for more).

104. Twitter profile

APA Style [@APA_Style]. (n.d.). Tweets [Twitter profile]. Twitter. Retrieved November 1, 2019, from https://twitter.com/APA_Style

Parenthetical citation: (APA Style, n.d.) Narrative citation: APA Style (n.d.)

- Provide a retrieval date because the contents of the page can change over time.
- A Twitter profile has several tabs ("Tweets" is the default). To create a reference to one of the other tabs (e.g., "Lists" or "Moments"), substitute that tab name for "Tweets" in the reference.
- · Include the notation "Twitter profile" in square brackets.

105. Facebook post

- Gaiman, N. (2018, March 22). 100,000+ Rohingya refugees could be at serious risk during Bangladesh's monsoon season. My fellow UNHCR Goodwill Ambassador Cate Blanchett is [Image attached] [Status update]. Facebook. http://bit.ly/2JQxPAD
- National Institute of Mental Health. (2018, November 28). Suicide affects all ages, genders, races, and ethnicities. Check out these 5 Action Steps for Helping Someone in Emotional Pain [Infographic]. Facebook. http://bit.ly/321Qstq
- News From Science. (2018, June 26). These frogs walk instead of hop: https://scim. ag/2KlriwH [Video]. Facebook. https://www.facebook.com/ScienceNOW/videos/ 10155508587605108/

Parenthetical citations: (Gaiman, 2018; National Institute of Mental Health, 2018; News From Science, 2018)

Narrative citations: Gaiman (2018), National Institute of Mental Health (2018), and News From Science (2018)

- This format can be used for posts to other social media services, including Tumblr, LinkedIn, and so forth.
- If a status update includes images, videos, thumbnail links to outside sources, or content from another Facebook post (such as when sharing a link), indicate that in square brackets.
- Replicate emojis if possible (see the introduction to Section 10.15 for more).

106. Facebook page

Smithsonian's National Zoo and Conservation Biology Institute. (n.d.). Home [Facebook page], Facebook. Retrieved July 22, 2019, from https://www.facebook.com/ nationalzoo

Parenthetical citation: (Smithsonian's National Zoo and Conservation Biology Institute, n.d.)

Narrative citation: Smithsonian's National Zoo and Conservation Biology Institute (n.d.)

- Use the page title in the reference (e.g., "Timeline," "Home," "Photos," "About").
- Include the notation "Facebook page" in square brackets.

 This format can be used or adapted for references to other platform or profile pages, including YouTube, Instagram, Tumblr, LinkedIn, and so forth.

107. Instagram photo or video

Zeitz MOCAA [@zeitzmocaa]. (2018, November 26). Grade 6 learners from Parkfields Primary School in Hanover Park visited the museum for a tour and workshop hosted by [Photographs]. Instagram. https://www.instagram.com/p/BqpHpjFBs3b/

Parenthetical citation: (Zeitz MOCAA, 2018) Narrative citation: Zeitz MOCAA (2018)

108. Instagram highlight

The New York Public Library [@nypl]. (n.d.). *The raven* [Highlight]. Instagram. Retrieved April 16, 2019, from https://bitly.com/2FV8bu3

Parenthetical citation: (The New York Public Library, n.d.) Narrative citation: The New York Public Library (n.d.)

- Use "n.d." for the date; although each story within a highlight is dated, the highlight itself is not dated and may include stories from multiple dates.
- · Because a highlight can change at any time, include the retrieval date.
- Because the URL was long and complex, it has been shortened (see Section 9.36). Either the long or the short form of the URL is acceptable.

109. Online forum post

National Aeronautics and Space Administration [nasa]. (2018, September 12). I'm NASA astronaut Scott Tingle. Ask me anything about adjusting to being back on Earth after my first spaceflight! [Online forum post]. Reddit. https://www.reddit.com/r/ IAmA/comments/9faggy/im_nasa_astronaut_scott_tingle_ask_me_anything/

Parenthetical citation: (National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 2018) Narrative citation: National Aeronautics and Space Administration (2018)

For more on formatting usernames, see Section 9.8.

10.16 Webpages and Websites

Use the webpages and websites category if there is no other reference category that fits and the work has no parent or overarching publication (e.g., journal, blog, conference proceedings) other than the website itself (see Section 9.2). If you cite multiple webpages from a website, create a reference for each. To mention a website in general, do not create a reference list entry or an in-text citation. Instead, include the name of the website in the text and provide the URL in parentheses (see Section 8.22 for an example).

For help in determining the author of a webpage or website reference, including how the author can be inferred from context or found on an "about us" or acknowledgments page, see Example 113 as well as Section 9.7. Provide the most specific date possible (see Section 9.15 for information on how to handle updated dates or reviewed dates)—for example, a year, month, and day; year and month; or year only. When the author name and the site name are the same, omit the site name from the source element. Include a retrieval date only when the content is designed to change over time and the page is not archived (see Section 9.16).

Author		Title	Source		
	Date		Website name	URL	
Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. Name of Group.	(2020). (2020, August). (2020, September 28). (n.d.).	Title of work.	Site Name.	https://xxxxx Retrieved December 22, 2020, from https://xxxx	

Use the template shown next to construct references for webpages or websites.

110. Webpage on a news website

- Avramova, N. (2019, January 3). The secret to a long, happy, healthy life? Think agepositive. CNN. https://www.cnn.com/2019/01/03/health/respect-toward-elderlyleads-to-long-life-intl/index.html
- Bologna, C. (2018, June 27). What happens to your mind and body when you feel homesick? HuffPost. https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/what-happens-mindbody-homesick_us_5b201ebde4b09d7a3d77eee1

Parenthetical citations: (Avramova, 2019; Bologna, 2018) Narrative citations: Avramova (2019) and Bologna (2018)

 Use this format for articles published in online news sources (e.g., BBC News, Bloomberg, CNN, HuffPost, MSNBC, Reuters, Salon, Vox). To cite articles from online magazines or newspapers, see Examples 15 and 16.

111. Webpage on a website with a group author

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2018, January 23). People at high risk of developing flu-related complications. https://www.cdc.gov/flu/about/disease/high_risk.htm
- World Health Organization. (2018, March). Questions and answers on immunization and vaccine safety. https://www.who.int/features/qa/84/en/

Parenthetical citations: (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2018; World Health Organization, 2018)

Narrative citations: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2018) and World Health Organization (2018)

• When the author and site name are the same, omit the site name from the source element.

112. Webpage on a website with an individual author

Martin Lillie, C. M. (2016, December 29). Be kind to yourself: How self-compassion can improve your resiliency. Mayo Clinic. https://www.mayoclinic.org/healthy-lifestyle/ adult-health/in-depth/self-compassion-can-improve-your-resiliency/art-20267193

Parenthetical citation: (Martin Lillie, 2016) Narrative citation: Martin Lillie (2016)

113. Webpage on a website with no date

- Boddy, J., Neumann, T., Jennings, S., Morrow, V., Alderson, P., Rees, R., & Gibson, W. (n.d.). Ethics principles. The Research Ethics Guidebook: A Resource for Social Scientists. http://www.ethicsguidebook.ac.uk/EthicsPrinciples
- National Nurses United. (n.d.). What employers should do to protect nurses from Zika. https://www.nationalnursesunited.org/pages/what-employers-should-do-to-protectrns-from-zika

Parenthetical citations: (Boddy et al., n.d.; National Nurses United, n.d.) Narrative citations: Boddy et al. (n.d.) and National Nurses United (n.d.)

- In the Boddy et al. example, the authors are listed on the acknowledgments page of the site (see Section 9.7 for more on determining the author).
- When the author and site name are the same, omit the site name from the source element.

114. Webpage on a website with a retrieval date

U.S. Census Bureau. (n.d.). U.S. and world population clock. U.S. Department of Commerce. Retrieved July 3, 2019, from https://www.census.gov/popclock/

Parenthetical citation: (U.S. Census Bureau, n.d.) Narrative citation: U.S. Census Bureau (n.d.)

- When the author and site name are the same, omit the site name from the source element.
- Include a retrieval date because the contents of the page are designed to change over time and the page itself is not archived (see Section 9.16).